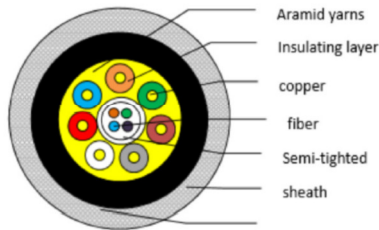


# My Cable Mart Ultra High Speed HDMI 22Gb Fiber Optic/Hybrid Cable

Thank you for purchasing this state-of-the-art HDMI cable available in lengths of **33, 49, 66, 100, 130, 164, 200, 230,** and **330ft**. A Fiber Optic/Hybrid cable (also known as an



AOC – Active Optical Hybrid Cable) uses fibers to transit the encoded HDMI data for the video and audio, and a series of copper wires to supply 5 volts of power to each of the embedded chip located at the Tx (Transmit) and Rx (Receive) ends of this cable.

Although connecting your equipment should be a quick and pain-free process, the following information is provided to help you quickly install, and possibly troubleshoot the installation of this cable.

- 1) Power OFF your TV or display, and your SOURCE equipment (such as a BlueRay player).
- 2) CAREFULLY attach the Tx (Transmit) end of the HDMI connector to the SOURCE equipment, and the Rx (Receive) end of the HDMI connector to the DISPLAY TV.
- 3) Some 4K TVs have MULTIPLE HDMI ports. Be sure to use the HDMI port that is **HDCP 2.2** compliant, and can support 4K video signal. Do NOT use the HDMI port labeled "DVD/Cable" as this typically only supports 1080P signal at HDCP 1.2/1.4. Most 4K source and displays now uses HDCP 2.2.
- 4) If you do not need 4K signal resolution support, an HDCP 1.2/1.4 compliant port may also be used.
- 5) If you wish **ARC** (Audio Return Channel) support, use the HDMI port labeled "ARC". (ARC only supported RELIABLY for lengths 100ft or less)
- 6) Optionally plug in the USB dongle to a power source between 500 and 1000mA (typical for a phone charger). This USB plug in MAY or MAY NOT be needed. For cable lengths LESS than 100ft, typically this dongle can be left unplugged. For some cables less than 100ft, this USB dongle may no longer be included. However, some display devices do not provide enough power to the HDMI port to properly power the internal chip embedded in the connector. If your signal works without this USB dongle connected, there is no need to keep it connected.
- 7) Power up **both** your TV and SOURCE device.
- 8) Most TVs will attempt to "auto-detect" the source device. However, if your source device was PREVIOUSLY used with a conventional HDMI copper cable, it may "auto-select" an incorrect HDMI port, or auto-select the default resolution. You MAY need to manually configure the HDMI port using your TVs settings menu.
- 9) **EXTRA CAUTION** should be taken when handling the Rx and Tx connector ends. Warranty will NOT be provided should an HDMI connector end physically break. Be sure your fiber cable is adequately supported to prevent breakage!
- 10) Do NOT bend the FIBER cable to a radius of 2.5 inches (10cm) or less. This can PERMANENTLY damage the internal fiber cable and will not be covered by warranty.
- 11) Do NOT remove the fiber cable by pulling on the fiber cord. Carefully grasp the Rx and Tx end and gently remove from their HDMI ports.